

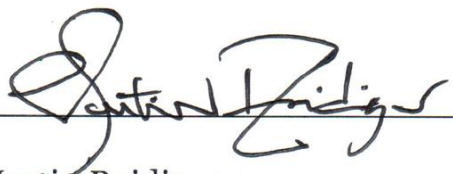
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
vs.) ORDER
)
)
GREGORY MICHAEL McMAHAN,)
)
Defendant.)
_____)

States v. Watkins, 161 F. App'x 337, 337 (4th Cir. 2006); Bramson v. Winn, 136 F. App'x 380, 381 (1st Cir. 2005). Before seeking relief from any court regarding obligations under the IFRP, a defendant must exhaust all administrative remedies through the Bureau of Prisons. McGhee v. Clark, 166 F.3d 884, 887 (7th Cir. 1999). Once all administrative remedies have been exhausted, a defendant may challenge such payments only by filing the appropriate pleading in the district court located in the district of confinement, not the sentencing court. See Moore v. Olson, 368 F.3d 757, 759 (7th Cir. 2004); Matheny v. Morrison, 307 F.3d 709, 711-12 (8th Cir. 2002).

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that the Defendant's letter [Doc. 117], which the Court construes as a request to alter the Defendant's restitution payment schedule, is **DENIED**.

Signed: November 11, 2022

IT IS SO ORDERED.



Martin Reidinger
Chief United States District Judge



provided for in Subsection B), and that this obligation is combined with the obligation to continue to make such payments upon his release (as provided for in Subsection D). [Doc. 48 at 5].